IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA CHARLESTON DIVISION

United States of America,) Civil Action No. 2:11-cv-02958-RMC
Plaintiff,))
v.))
State of South Carolina, and Nikki R. Haley, in her official capacity as the Governor of South Carolina,	
Defendants.)))
Lowcountry Immigration Coalition, et al,	Civil Action No. 2:11-cv-02779
Plaintiffs,)))
v. Nikki Haley, et al,))
Defendants.)))

JOINT REPORT REGARDING CASE STATUS AND DISPOSITION

Plaintiffs in both cases and defendants State of South Carolina, Governor Nikki R. Haley and Attorney General Alan Wilson (Defendants) have conferred regarding the proper disposition of this matter in light of decisions by the United States Supreme Court and, in the instant case, the Court of Appeals for the Fourth Circuit and the District Court of the District of South Carolina. In the interest of assisting the Court in the proper and efficient resolution of this case in accordance with those decisions, the parties make the following representations and requests regarding the various statutory provisions at issue:

1. Each reference to a provision of Act 69, 2011 S.C. Acts, herein shall be construed as a reference to any amendments to those provisions as of this date.

- 2. The parties acknowledgeat the Fourth Circuit panels decision in United States v. South Carolina,720 F.3d 5184(th Cir. 2013), holds that Sections 54, and 6(B)(2) of Act 69 (S.C. Code §§ 169-460, 16-17-750, 17-13-170(B)(2)), are preempted by federal law Further, the parties agree that consistent with this Court's previous determination of the Plaintiff's likelihood of success in challenging Section, United States v. South Carolina, 720 F.3d 518 (4th Cir. 2013), and together with the preme Court's decision in Arizona v. United States S. Ct. 2492 (2012), this Court would conclude that Section 15 of Act 69 (S.C. Code \$456) is preempted by federal law. The parties also agree that the Plaintiffs at is fyror this Court, the other requirements for obtaining final injtions against these provisions.
- 3. The Defendants submthat in light of the Supreme Court's decision in Arizona v. United States132 S. Ct. 2492 (2012) and the ruling of this Court on November 15, 2012, 906 F. Supp.2d 463 (D.S.C., 2012) he remainder of Section 6 of Act 69 (S.C. Code §187170), is subject to an interpretation that does not authorize an officer to prefooriginal stop based upon the officer's inquiry into or based on a determination, suspicion, or admission concerning a person's immigration status the view of Defendants is expressed in Openion of the Office of the Attorney General of March 3, 2014 see Attachment 1). In light of this interpretation, Plaintiffs will dismiss their remaining claims as to the remainder of Sectivith out prejudice
- 4. Although this Court found that the Lowcount Pylaintiffs lacked standing to challenge Section 7 of Act 69 (§23-3-1100) at the preliminary injunction stage Plaintiffs believe that they would be able to show standing to seek permanent injunctive relief. The Defendants are willing for this Court to address this issue because of the similarity of issues concerning both Sections 6 and 7 and the opportunity to resolve all issues at the same time. Defendants submit that in light of the Supreme Court's Arizaberaision and the ruling of this Court on November 15, 2012, Section 7 is subject to an interpretation that does not authorize

prolonging the detention of a person in jail or prison simply to determine the person's immigration status and it does not authorize transferring an individual on the basis that he or she is believed or determined to be unlawfully present to federal custod view of Defendants is expressed in the Opinion of the Office of the Attorney General March 3, 2014 (see Attachment 1). In light of this interpretation, the Lowcountry laintiffs will dismiss their remaining claims against Section without prejudice

- 5. The Defendants respectfully disagree with the rulings of this Court and the Court of Appeals enjoining the above referenced provisions and defethose rulings rather than consent to the injunction. They have vigorously defended the challenged parts of Act 69, and join in this Report only in recognition that the Courts have ruled regarding these sections of the Act and that further litigation of this matter would be inconsistent with those rulings and would be contrary to judicial economy. Should governing statutory or decisional law or other circumstances change in the future treserve their right, and that of any other appropriate State official, to seek modification of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of the injunctions in the Final Judgment via study and the future of th
- 6. Plaintiffs will voluntarily dismiss all **la**ims not specifically referenced above without prejudice. Defendants consent to the voluntary dismissal of these claims.
- 7. Accordingly, all parties consent to the form of Final Judgment submitted as Attachment 2 hereto.

[Signature blocks on next pages]

Respectfully submitted,

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March 3, 2014